SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Hesse MEGA-PUR, silk mat DE 45034

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/preparation

Surface treatment of wood and other materials

Identified Uses

	REACHSET 1000
SU3	Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
ERC4	Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles
ERC5	Industrial use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix
PROC7	Industrial spraying

	REACHSET 2001
SU22	Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)
ERC8a	Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems
ERC8c	Wide dispersive indoor use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix
PROC11	Non industrial spraying

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer

Hesse GmbH & Co. KG
Warendorfer Strasse 21
59075 Hamm (Germany)

Telephone no.	+49 (0) 2381 963-00
Fax no.	+49 (0) 2381 963-849
E-mail address	ps@hesse-lignal.de

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Germany: +49 (0) 2381 788-612

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)

Classification (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)

Flam. Liq. 2	H225
Eye Irrit. 2	H319
STOT SE 3	H336
Aquatic Chronic 3	H412

The product is classified and labelled in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Hazard pictograms

Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Hazardous component(s) to be indicated on label (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)

contains	butanone; isobutyl acetate; 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate; acetone
EUH208 Contains	octabenzone, May produce an allergic reaction.

Supplemental information

EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

2.3. Other hazards

The product contains no PBT substances. The product contains no vPvB substances. This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to human. The product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Hazardous ingredients

n-butyl acetate

CAS No.	123-86-4				
EINECS no.	204-658-1				
Registration no.	01-2119485493-29				
Concentration	>=	25	<	50	%
Classification (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)					
	Flam. Liq. 3		H226		
	STOT SE 3		H336		Nervous system
			EUH066		

isobutyl acetate

CAS No.	110-19-0				
EINECS no.	203-745-1				
Registration no.	01-2119488971-22				
Concentration	>=	25	<	50	%
Classification (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)					
	Flam. Liq. 2		H225		
	STOT SE 3		H336		Nervous system
			EUH066		

butanone

CAS No.	78-93-3				
EINECS no.	201-159-0				
Registration no.	01-2119457290-43				
Concentration	>=	10	<	20	%
Classification (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)					
	Flam. Liq. 2		H225		
	Eye Irrit. 2		H319		
	STOT SE 3		H336		Nervous system
			EUH066		

Hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics

EINECS no.	920-750-0				
Registration no.	01-2119473851-33				
Concentration	>=	3	<	10	%
Classification (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)					
	Flam. Liq. 2		H225		
	Asp. Tox. 1		H304		
	Aquatic Chronic 2		H411		
	STOT SE 3		H336		Nervous system

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics

CAS No.	64742-48-9				
EINECS no.	919-857-5				
Registration no.	01-2119463258-33				
Concentration	>=	1	<	10	%
Classification (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)					
	Flam. Liq. 3		H226		
	Asp. Tox. 1		H304		
	STOT SE 3		H336		Nervous system
			EUH066		

acetone

CAS No.	67-64-1				
EINECS no.	200-662-2				
Registration no.	01-2119471330-49				
Concentration	>=	1	<	10	%
Classification (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)					
	Flam. Liq. 2		H225		
	Eye Irrit. 2		H319		
	STOT SE 3		H336		Nervous system
			EUH066		

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

CAS No.	128601-23-0				
EINECS no.	918-668-5				
Registration no.	01-2119455851-35				
Concentration	>=	1	<	3	%
Classification (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)					
	Flam. Liq. 3	H226			
	Asp. Tox. 1	H304			
	Aquatic Chronic 2	H411			
	STOT SE 3	H335			Respiratory tract
	STOT SE 3	H336			Nervous system
		EUH066			

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

CAS No.	108-65-6				
EINECS no.	203-603-9				
Registration no.	01-2119475791-29				
Concentration	>=	1	<	10	%
Classification (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)					
	Flam. Liq. 3	H226			
	STOT SE 3	H336			

octabenzone

CAS No.	1843-05-6				
EINECS no.	217-421-2				
Registration no.	01-2119557833-30				
Concentration	>=	0,1	<	1	%
Classification (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)					
	Skin Sens. 1	H317			

Note

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. First aider: Pay attention to self-protection! Remove affected person from danger area, lay him down.

After inhalation

In case of accident by inhalation: remove casualty to fresh air and keep at rest. Keep warm, calm and covered up. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

After skin contact

Wash off immediately with soap and water. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Consult a doctor if skin irritation persists.

After eye contact

Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. Take medical treatment.

After ingestion

Do not induce vomiting. Take medical treatment.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. High concentration of vapours may cause irritation to eyes and respiratory system and produce narcotic effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Hints for the physician / treatment

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Recommended: alcohol resistant foam, CO2, powders, water spray/mist

Non suitable extinguishing media

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire will produce dense black smoke. In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Vapours can form an explosive mixture with air.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighting

In case of combustion evolution of dangerous gases possible. Use self-contained breathing apparatus.

Other information

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Standard procedure for chemical fires.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not inhale vapours. Do not inhale gases. Do not inhale mist.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter drains or waterways. Do not allow to enter soil, waterways or waste water canal. In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Clean contaminated floors and objects thoroughly with water and detergents, observing environmental regulations. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Send in suitable containers for recovery or disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. Keep container tightly closed and dry in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use only with adequate ventilation/personal protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Provide for sufficient ventilation. This can be achieved by local exhaust or general exhaust air collection. Wear a suitable respirator if the ventilation is not sufficient to keep the solvent vapour concentration below the occupational limit values. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour and spray mist. Do no eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use personal protective clothing. For personal protection see Section 8.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Vapours can form an explosive mixture with air. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge. Wear shoes with conductive soles. No sparking tools should be used. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Provide solvent-resistant and impermeable floor. Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Hints on storage assembly

Store away from oxidising agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.

Storage classes

Storage class according to TRGS 510	3	Flammable liquid

Further information on storage conditions

Protect from frost. Protect from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See exposure scenario, if available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limit values

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

List	Directive 2017/164 EG			
Value	275	mg/m³	50	ppm(V)
Short term exposure limit	550	mg/m³	100	ppm(V)

Status: 12/2009

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

List	EH40			
Value	274	mg/m³	50	ppm(V)
Short term exposure limit	548	mg/m³	100	ppm(V)

Skin resorption / sensibilisation: Sk; Status: 01/2020

butanone

List	Directive 2017/164 EG			
Value	600	mg/m³	200	ppm(V)
Short term exposure limit	900	mg/m³	300	ppm(V)

Status: 12/2009

butanone

List	EH40			
Value	600	mg/m³	200	ppm(V)
Short term exposure limit	899	mg/m³	300	ppm(V)

Skin resorption / sensibilisation: Sk; Status: 01/2020

isobutyl acetate

List	EH40			
Value	724	mg/m³	150	ppm(V)
Short term exposure limit	903	mg/m³	187	ppm(V)

Status: 01/2020

isobutyl acetate

List	Directive 2017/164 EG			
Value	241	mg/m³	50	ppm(V)
Short term exposure limit	723	mg/m³	150	ppm(V)

Status: 10/2019

n-butyl acetate

List	EH40			
Value	724	mg/m³	150	ppm(V)
Short term exposure limit	966	mg/m³	200	ppm(V)

Status: 01/2020

n-butyl acetate

List	Directive 2017/164 EG			
Value	241	mg/m³	50	ppm(V)
Short term exposure limit	723	mg/m³	150	ppm(V)

Status: 10/2019

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

List	EH40	
Value	500	mg/m³

Status: 01/2020

Hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics

List	EH40	
Value	1200	mg/m³

Status: 01/2020

acetone

List	Directive 2017/164 EG			
Value	1210	mg/m³	500	ppm(V)

Status: 12/2009

acetone

List	EH40			
Value	1210	mg/m³	500	ppm(V)
Short term exposure limit	3620	mg/m³	1500	ppm(V)

Status: 01/2020

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics

List	EH40	
Value	1200	mg/m³

Status: 01/2020

Other information

-

Derived No/Minimal Effect Levels (DNEL/DMEL)

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Workers (professional)	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	275	mg/m³

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Workers (professional)	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	Dermal exposure	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	153,5	mg/kg/d

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	Oral exposure	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	1,67	mg/kg/d

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	33	mg/m³

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	Dermal exposure	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	54,8	mg/kg

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Worker	
Duration of exposure	Acute	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Mode of action	Local effects	
Concentration	550	mg/m³

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Long term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Mode of action	Local effects	

Concentration	33	mg/m³
Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Acute	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Mode of action	Local effects	
Concentration	33	mg/m³

isobutyl acetate

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Workers (professional)	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	Dermal exposure	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	10	mg/kg/d
Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Workers (professional)	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	300	mg/m³
Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Workers (professional)	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Mode of action	Local effects	
Concentration	300	mg/m³
Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	Dermal exposure	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	5	mg/kg/d
Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	35,7	mg/m³
Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Mode of action	Local effects	
Concentration	35,7	mg/m³
Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	

Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Short-term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	300	mg/m³

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Short-term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Mode of action	Local effects	
Concentration	300	mg/m³

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Workers (professional)	
Duration of exposure	Short-term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	600	mg/m³

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Workers (professional)	
Duration of exposure	Short-term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Mode of action	Local effects	
Concentration	600	mg/m³

n-butyl acetate

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Workers (professional)	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	Dermal exposure	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	11	mg/kg/d

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Workers (professional)	
Duration of exposure	Short-term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	600	mg/m³

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Workers (professional)	
Duration of exposure	Short-term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Mode of action	Local effects	
Concentration	600	mg/m³

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Workers (professional)	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	

Mode of action	Local effects	
Concentration	300	mg/m³
Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Workers (professional)	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	300	mg/m³
Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	Dermal exposure	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	6	mg/kg/d
Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	Oral exposure	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	2	mg/kg/d
Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Short-term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	300	mg/m³
Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Short-term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Mode of action	Local effects	
Concentration	300	mg/m³
Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	35,7	mg/m³
Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Mode of action	Local effects	
Concentration	35,7	mg/m³
Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	

Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Short term	
Route of exposure	oral	
Mode of action	Specific effects	
Concentration	2	mg/kg/d

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Short term	
Route of exposure	Dermal exposure	
Mode of action	Specific effects	
Concentration	6	mg/kg/d

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Worker	
Duration of exposure	Short term	
Route of exposure	Dermal exposure	
Mode of action	Specific effects	
Concentration	11	mg/kg/d

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	Oral exposure	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	11	mg/kg

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Workers (professional)	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	Dermal exposure	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	25	mg/kg

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	Dermal exposure	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	11	mg/kg

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Workers (professional)	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	150	mg/kg

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	

Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	32	mg/kg
Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Long term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Mode of action	Local effects	
Concentration	11	mg/kg

Hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	Oral exposure	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	699	mg/kg/d
Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Workers (professional)	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	Dermal exposure	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	773	mg/kg/d
Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	Dermal exposure	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	699	mg/kg/d
Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Workers (professional)	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	2035	mg/m³
Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	608	mg/kg/d

butanone

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Workers (industrial)	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Concentration	600	mg/m³

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Workers (industrial)	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	Dermal exposure	
Concentration	1161	mg/kg/d
Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Workers (professional)	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Concentration	600	mg/m³
Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Workers (professional)	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	Dermal exposure	
Concentration	1161	mg/kg/d
Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Concentration	106	mg/m³
Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	Oral exposure	
Concentration	31	mg/kg/d
Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	Dermal exposure	
Concentration	412	mg/kg/d

octabenzone

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Workers (professional)	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	6,6	mg/m³
Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Workers (professional)	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	Dermal exposure	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	1,87	mg/kg/d
Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	

Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	Dermal exposure	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	0,9	mg/kg/d

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	Oral exposure	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	0,9	mg/kg/d

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	1,6	mg/m³

acetone

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Workers (professional)	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	1210	mg/m³

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Workers (professional)	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	Dermal exposure	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	186	mg/kg/d

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Workers (professional)	
Duration of exposure	Short-term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Mode of action	Local effects	
Concentration	2420	mg/m³

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Workers (professional)	
Duration of exposure	Short-term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	1210	mg/m³

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	Oral exposure	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	

Concentration	62	mg/kg/d

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)
Reference group	Consumer
Duration of exposure	Long-term
Route of exposure	Dermal exposure
Mode of action	Systemic effects
Concentration	62 mg/kg/d

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)
Reference group	Consumer
Duration of exposure	Long-term
Route of exposure	inhalative
Mode of action	Systemic effects
Concentration	200 mg/m³

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)
Reference group	Consumer
Duration of exposure	Long-term
Route of exposure	Oral exposure
Concentration	125 mg/kg

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)
Reference group	Workers (professional)
Duration of exposure	Long-term
Route of exposure	Dermal exposure
Concentration	208 mg/kg

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)
Reference group	Consumer
Duration of exposure	Long-term
Route of exposure	Dermal exposure
Concentration	125 mg/kg

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)
Reference group	Workers (professional)
Duration of exposure	Long-term
Route of exposure	inhalative
Concentration	871 mg/kg

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)
Reference group	Consumer
Duration of exposure	Long-term
Route of exposure	inhalative
Concentration	185 mg/kg

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Type of value	PNEC
Type	Freshwater
Concentration	0,635 mg/l

Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Saltwater	
Concentration	0,0635	mg/l
Type of value	PNEC	
Conditions	sporadic release	
Concentration	6,35	mg/l
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Fresh water sediment	
Concentration	3,29	mg/kg
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	saltwater sediment	
Concentration	0,329	mg/kg
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Soil	
Concentration	0,29	mg/kg
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Sewage treatment plant (STP)	
Concentration	100	mg/l

isobutyl acetate

Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Freshwater	
Concentration	0,17	mg/l
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Saltwater	
Concentration	0,017	mg/l
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Water	
Conditions	sporadic release	
Concentration	0,34	mg/l
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Sewage treatment plant (STP)	
Concentration	200	mg/l
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Fresh water sediment	
Concentration	0,877	mg/kg
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	saltwater sediment	
Concentration	0,0877	mg/kg
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Soil	

Concentration	0,0755	mg/kg

n-butyl acetate

Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Freshwater	
Concentration	0,18	mg/l
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Saltwater	
Concentration	0,018	mg/l
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Sewage treatment plant (STP)	
Concentration	35,6	mg/l
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Water	
Conditions	sporadic release	
Concentration	0,36	mg/l
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Fresh water sediment	
Concentration	0,981	mg/kg
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	saltwater sediment	
Concentration	0,0981	mg/l
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Soil	
Concentration	0,0903	mg/kg

butanone

Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Freshwater	
Concentration	55,8	mg/l
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Saltwater	
Concentration	55,8	mg/l
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Fresh water sediment	
Concentration	284,74	mg/kg
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	saltwater sediment	
Concentration	287,7	mg/kg
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Soil	
Concentration	22,5	mg/kg

octabenzone

Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Freshwater	
Concentration	0,052	mg/l
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Saltwater	
Concentration	0,0052	mg/l
Type of value	PNEC	
Conditions	sporadic release	
Concentration	0,52	mg/l
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Sewage treatment plant (STP)	
Concentration	1	mg/l
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Fresh water sediment	
Concentration	331	mg/kg
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	saltwater sediment	
Concentration	33,2	mg/kg
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Soil	
Concentration	66,1	mg/kg

acetone

Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Freshwater	
Concentration	10,6	mg/l
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Saltwater	
Concentration	1,06	mg/l
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Fresh water sediment	
Concentration	30,4	mg/kg
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	saltwater sediment	
Concentration	3,04	mg/kg
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Soil	
Concentration	29,5	mg/kg
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Sewage treatment plant (STP)	
Concentration	100	mg/l

Type of value	PNEC	
Conditions	sporadic release	
Concentration	21	mg/l

8.2. Exposure controls

Exposure controls

Users are advised to consider national Occupational Exposure Limits or other equivalent values. Provide for sufficient ventilation. This can be achieved by local exhaust or general exhaust air collection. Wear a suitable respirator if the ventilation is not sufficient to keep the solvent vapour concentration below the occupational limit values.

Respiratory protection

Avoid inhalation of vapour and spray mist. Use breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/aerosol.
Recommended Filter type: Respiratory protection mask with combination filter A/P2

Hand protection

Protective gloves complying with EN 374.
Glove material
Multilayer gloves made from

Appropriate Material	Fluorinated rubber / butyl-rubber		
Material thickness	>=	0,7	mm
Breakthrough time	>=	30	min

This recommendation is valid only for the product named in this safety data sheet supplied by us, and only for the indicated intended use purposes.
For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.
The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.
The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.
Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.
The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/ chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Eye protection

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166

Body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Remove contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid
Colour	colourless
Odour	solvent-like

Melting point

Remarks not determined

Freezing point

Remarks not determined

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range

Value	55,8	to	200	°C	

Flammability

not determined

Upper and lower explosive limits

Remarks	not determined

Flash point

Value	10	°C

Ignition temperature

Remarks	not determined

Decomposition temperature

Remarks	not determined

pH value

Remarks	Not applicable

Viscosity

Remarks	not determined

Solubility(ies)

Remarks	not determined

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)

Remarks	not determined

Vapour pressure

Remarks	not determined

Density and/or relative density

Value	appr.	0,91		kg/l
Temperature		20	°C	

Relative vapour density

Remarks	not determined

Particle characteristics

Remarks	not determined

9.2. Other information

Odour threshold

Remarks	not determined

Evaporation rate

Remarks	not determined

Solubility in water

Remarks	not determined

Efflux time

Value	26	to	32	s
Temperature	20	°C		
Method	DIN 53211 4 mm			

Explosive properties

evaluation	not determined

Oxidising properties

Remarks	not determined	

Non-volatile content

Value	23,8	%
Method	calculated value	

Other information

This information is not available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

To avoid thermal decomposition, do not overheat.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Isolate from sources of heat, sparks and open flame.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide, nitrous oxides (NOx), dense black smoke, No decomposition if used as prescribed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute oral toxicity

Method	Calculation method (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)
Remarks	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute dermal toxicity

Method	Calculation method (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)
Remarks	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute inhalational toxicity

Method	Calculation method (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)
Remarks	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Method	Calculation method (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)
Remarks	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

evaluation	irritant
Method	Calculation method (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)
Remarks	The classification criteria are met.

Serious eye damage/irritation (Components)

butanone

Species	rabbit
Observation Period	7 d
evaluation	Causes serious eye irritation.
Source	2 (reliable with restrictions)

acetone

Species	rabbit
Observation Period	24 h
evaluation	Irritating to eyes.
Source	1 (reliable without restriction)

Sensitization

Method	Calculation method (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)
Remarks	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitization (Components)

octabenzone

Species	guinea pig
evaluation	May cause sensitization by skin contact.
Method	OECD Test Guideline 406

Mutagenicity

Method	Calculation method (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)
Remarks	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Method	Calculation method (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)
Remarks	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Method	Calculation method (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)
Remarks	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)

Single exposure

Method	Calculation method (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)
Remarks	The classification criteria are met.
evaluation	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Repeated exposure

Remarks	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) (Components)

butanone

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

	Organs: Nervous system
Remarks	Possible narcotic effects (drowsiness, dizziness).

isobutyl acetate

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

	Organs: Nervous system
Remarks	Possible narcotic effects (drowsiness, dizziness).

n-butyl acetate

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

	Organs: Nervous system
Remarks	Possible narcotic effects (drowsiness, dizziness).

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

	Route of exposure inhalative
Remarks	Possible narcotic effects (drowsiness, dizziness).

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Remarks	Possible narcotic effects (drowsiness, dizziness).

Hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

evaluation	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Organs: Nervous system
Remarks	Possible narcotic effects (drowsiness, dizziness).

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

evaluation	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Organs: Nervous system

acetone

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

	Organs: Nervous system
Remarks	Possible narcotic effects (drowsiness, dizziness).

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

	Organs: Nervous system
Remarks	Possible narcotic effects (drowsiness, dizziness).

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties with respect to humans

The product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to humans.

Other information

No toxicological data are available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

General information

For this subsection there is no ecotoxicological data available on the product as such.

Fish toxicity (Components)

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Species	Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	
LC50	9,2	mg/l
Duration of exposure	96 h	

Daphnia toxicity (Components)

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Species	Daphnia magna (Water flea)			
EC50	3,2			mg/l
Duration of exposure	48	h		

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Species	Daphnia magna (Water flea)			
NOEC	2,14			mg/l
Duration of exposure	21	d		

Hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics

Species	Daphnia magna (Water flea)			
EC50	3			mg/l
Duration of exposure	48	h		

Hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics

Species	Daphnia magna (Water flea)			
NOEC	0,17			mg/l
Duration of exposure	21	d		

octabenzone

Species	Daphnia magna (Water flea)			
EC50	52			mg/l
Duration of exposure	24	h		

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics

Species	Daphnia magna (Water flea)			
EC50	22		46	mg/l
Duration of exposure	48	h		
Method	OECD 202, part 1, static			

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics

Species	Daphnia magna (Water flea)			
NOELR	0,23			mg/l
Duration of exposure	21	d		
Method	QSAR modelled data			

Algae toxicity (Components)

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Species	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)			
EC50	2,6	to	2,9	mg/l
Duration of exposure	72	h		

Hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics

Species	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)			
EC50	10			mg/l
Duration of exposure	72	h		
Method	OECD 201			

12.2. Persistence and degradability

General information

For this subsection there is no ecotoxicological data available on the product as such.

Biodegradability (Components)

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

evaluation	Readily biodegradable.

Hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics

evaluation	Readily biodegradable.

octabenzone

Value	5	to	6	%
Duration of test	28	d		
evaluation	Not readily biodegradable.			

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics

Value	53,4		%
Duration of test	28	d	
evaluation	Not readily biodegradable.		

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

General information

For this subsection there is no ecotoxicological data available on the product as such.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)

Remarks not determined

12.4. Mobility in soil

General information

For this subsection there is no ecotoxicological data available on the product as such.

Mobility in soil

no data available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

General information

For this subsection there is no ecotoxicological data available on the product as such.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The product contains no PBT substances
The product contains no vPvB substances.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine disrupting properties with respect to the envrionment

The product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms.

12.7. Other adverse effects

General information

For this subsection there is no ecotoxicological data available on the product as such.

General information / ecology

For this subsection there is no ecotoxicological data available on the product as such.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal recommendations for the product

EWC waste code	080111 - waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances
EWC waste code	200127 - paint, inks, adhesives and resins containing dangerous substances

Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration.
Do not allow to enter drains or waterways.

modified product

EWC waste code: 080113 - sludges from paint or varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

EWC waste code: 080115 - aqueous sludges containing paint or varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

Dried residues

EWC waste code: 080112 - waste lacquers and waste paint except those falling under 080111

Disposal recommendations for packaging

EWC waste code: 150110 - packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances

Completely emptied packagings can be given for recycling.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	Land transport ADR/RID	Marine transport IMDG/GGVSee	Air transport ICAO/IATA
Tunnel restriction code	D/E		
14.1. UN number	1263	1263	1263
14.2. UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Label			
14.4. Packing group	II	II	II
Special provision	640C		
Limited Quantity	5 l		
Transport category	2		
14.5. Environmental hazards	-		

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

VOC

VOC (EU)	76,2	%	694	g/l

Other information

All components are contained in the TSCA inventory or exempted.
All components are contained in the PICCS inventory.
All components are contained in the IECSC inventory.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For this substance / mixture a chemical safety assessment was not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Hazard statements listed in Chapter 3

EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

CLP categories listed in Chapter 3

Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic, Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquid, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, Category 3
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3

Abbreviations

RID - Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning theInternational Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)
IMDG - International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
IATA - International Air Transport Association
IATA-DGR - Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA)
ICAO-TI - Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO)
GHS - Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)
GefStoffV - Gefahrstoffverordnung (Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany)
LOAEL - Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
LOEL - Lowest Observed Effect Level
NOAEL - No Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration
NOEL - No Observed Effect Level
OECD - Organisation for Econpmic Cooperation and Development
VOC - Volatile Organic Compounds
Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin (***). This version replaces all previous versions.
This safety datasheet only contains information relating to safety and does not replace any product

information or product specification.
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification.
The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.
The information contained herein is based on the present state of our knowledge and does therefore not guarantee certain properties.

Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Short title of the exposure scenario

ES001 - Industrial applications: industrial spraying (inside)

Use of the substance/preparation

Surface treatment of wood and other materials

Use

SU3	Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
ERC4	Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles
ERC5	Industrial use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix
PROC7	Industrial spraying

Contributing exposure scenario controlling environmental exposure

Use

ERC4	Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles
ERC5	Industrial use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix

Physical form liquid

Maximum amount used per time or activity

Emission days per site: <= 300

Other relevant operational conditions

Use: Room temperature
Drying and through-curing takes place at ambient temperature or at higher temperatures.
Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration.
Do not allow to enter soil, waterways or waste water canal.
Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.

Waste water

Do not discharge into the drains/surface waters/groundwater. Spray cabin waters are to be conducted after mechanical pretreatment into a wastewater treatment facility.

Exhaust air

Keep container closed. Avoid release to the environment.

Soil

Floors should be impervious, resistant to liquids and easy to clean.

Disposal recommendations for the product

EWC waste code	080111 - waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances 200127 - paint, inks, adhesives and resins containing

dangerous substances

Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration.
Do not allow to enter drains or waterways.

modified product

EWC waste code: 080113 - sludges from paint or varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances
080115 - aqueous sludges containing paint or varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

Dried residues

EWC waste code: 080112 - waste lacquers and waste paint except those falling under 080111

Disposal recommendations for packaging

EWC waste code: 150110 - packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances

Completely emptied packagings can be given for recycling.

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure

Use

SU3	Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
PROC7	Industrial spraying

Physical form liquid

Maximum amount used per time or activity

Duration of exposure	<=	8	h/d
Frequency of exposure	<=	220	d/a

Other relevant operational conditions

Use: Room temperature
Drying and through-curing takes place at ambient temperature or at higher temperatures.
Read attached instructions before use.

Product substance and product safety related measures

Mainly used in closed systems. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. Provide for sufficient ventilation. This can be achieved by local exhaust or general exhaust air collection. Wear a suitable respirator if the ventilation is not sufficient to keep the solvent vapour concentration below the occupational limit values.

Respiratory protection

Avoid inhalation of vapour and spray mist. Use breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/aerosol.
Recommended Filter type: Respiratory protection mask with combination filter A/P2

Hand protection

Protective gloves complying with EN 374.
Glove material
Multilayer gloves made from

Appropriate Material		Fluorinated rubber / butyl-rubber
Material thickness	>=	0,7
Breakthrough time	>=	30

This recommendation is valid only for the product named in this safety data sheet supplied by us, and only for the indicated intended use purposes.
For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.
The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.
Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.
The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/ chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Eye protection

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166

Body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Remove contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Workers (industrial)

SU	SU3
PROC	PROC7
Assessment method	inhalation, long-term - local and systemic
Exposure assessment	27,54 mg/m³
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,1
Lead substance	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Workers (industrial)

SU	SU3
PROC	PROC7
Assessment method	dermal, long-term - local and systemic
Exposure assessment	2,14 mg/kg/d
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,01
Lead substance	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Workers (industrial)

SU	SU3
PROC	PROC10
Assessment method	inhalation, long-term - local and systemic
Exposure assessment	55,08 mg/m³
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,2
Lead substance	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Workers (industrial)

SU	SU3
PROC	PROC10
Assessment method	dermal, long-term - local and systemic
Exposure assessment	27,43 mg/kg/d
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,18
Lead substance	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Workers (industrial)

SU	SU3
PROC	PROC13
Assessment method	inhalation, long-term - local and systemic
Exposure assessment	55,08 mg/m³

Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,2
Lead substance	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Workers (industrial)

SU	SU3
PROC	PROC13
Assessment method	dermal, long-term - local and systemic
Exposure assessment	13,71 mg/kg/d
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,09
Lead substance	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Workers (industrial)

PROC	PROC7
Assessment method	inhalation, long-term - local and systemic Indoor use
Exposure assessment	60,5 mg/m³
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,126
Lead substance	isobutyl acetate

Workers (industrial)

PROC	PROC10
Assessment method	inhalation, long-term - local and systemic Indoor use
Exposure assessment	242 mg/m³
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,504
Lead substance	isobutyl acetate

Workers (industrial)

PROC	PROC13
Assessment method	inhalation, long-term - local and systemic Indoor use
Exposure assessment	242 mg/m³
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,504
Lead substance	isobutyl acetate

Workers (industrial)

PROC	PROC7
Assessment method	inhalation, long-term - local and systemic Indoor use
Exposure assessment	60,5 mg/m³
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,126
Lead substance	n-butyl acetate

Workers (industrial)

PROC	PROC10
Assessment method	inhalation, long-term - systemic Indoor use
Exposure assessment	242 mg/m³
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,504

Lead substance	n-butyl acetate
Workers (industrial)	
PROC	PROC10
Assessment method	inhalation, long-term - systemic
	Outdoor use
Exposure assessment	242 mg/m³
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,504
Lead substance	n-butyl acetate
Workers (industrial)	
PROC	PROC13
Assessment method	inhalation, long-term - systemic
	Indoor use
Exposure assessment	242 mg/m³
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,504
Lead substance	n-butyl acetate
Workers (industrial)	
PROC	PROC13
Assessment method	inhalation, long-term - systemic
	Outdoor use
Exposure assessment	242 mg/m³
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,504
Lead substance	n-butyl acetate
Workers (industrial)	
SU	SU3
PROC	PROC7
Assessment method	inhalation, long-term - systemic
	Indoor use
Exposure assessment	200 mg/m³
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,05
Lead substance	acetone
Workers (industrial)	
SU	SU3
PROC	PROC7
Assessment method	dermal, long-term - systemic
	Indoor use
Exposure assessment	62 mg/kg/d
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,01
Lead substance	acetone
Workers (industrial)	
SU	SU3
PROC	PROC10
Assessment method	inhalation, long-term - systemic
	Indoor use
Exposure assessment	200 mg/m³
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA

Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,5
Lead substance	acetone

Workers (industrial)

SU	SU3
PROC	PROC10
Assessment method	dermal, long-term - systemic
	Indoor use
Exposure assessment	62 mg/kg/d
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,15
Lead substance	acetone

Workers (industrial)

SU	SU3
PROC	PROC13
Assessment method	inhalation, long-term - systemic
	Indoor use
Exposure assessment	200 mg/m³
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,5
Lead substance	acetone

Workers (industrial)

SU	SU3
PROC	PROC13
Assessment method	dermal, long-term - systemic
	Indoor use
Exposure assessment	61 mg/kg/d
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,074
Lead substance	acetone

Information on estimated exposure and downstream-user guidance

Guidance for Downstream Users

The downstream user can evaluate whether he operates within the conditions set in the exposure scenario on the basis of the information supplied. This evaluation can be conducted by an expert or using the risk assessment tools recommended by ECHA.

Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Short title of the exposure scenario

ES003 - Professional uses: Non industrial spraying (inside)

Use of the substance/preparation

Surface treatment of wood and other materials

Use

SU22	Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)
ERC8a	Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems
ERC8c	Wide dispersive indoor use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix
PROC11	Non industrial spraying

Contributing exposure scenario controlling environmental exposure

Use

ERC8a Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems

ERC8c Wide dispersive indoor use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix

Physical form

liquid

Maximum amount used per time or activity

Emission days per site: <= 250

Other relevant operational conditions

Use: Room temperature
Drying and through-curing takes place at ambient temperature or at higher temperatures.
Volatile organic substances will volatilise into the atmospheric air inside.
Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration.
Do not allow to enter soil, waterways or waste water canal.
Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.

Waste water

Do not discharge into the drains/surface waters/groundwater. Spray cabin waters are to be conducted after mechanical pretreatment into a wastewater treatment facility.

Exhaust air

Keep container closed. Avoid release to the environment.

Soil

Floors should be impervious, resistant to liquids and easy to clean.

Disposal recommendations for the product

EWC waste code: 080111 - waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances
200127 - paint, inks, adhesives and resins containing dangerous substances

Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration.
Do not allow to enter drains or waterways.

modified product

EWC waste code: 080113 - sludges from paint or varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances
080115 - aqueous sludges containing paint or varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

Dried residues

EWC waste code: 080112 - waste lacquers and waste paint except those falling under 080111

Disposal recommendations for packaging

EWC waste code: 150110 - packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances

Completely emptied packagings can be given for recycling.

Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure (professional)

Short title of the exposure scenario

Substance number:CES006

Use

SU22	Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)
PROC11	Non industrial spraying

Physical form

liquid

Maximum amount used per time or activity

Duration of exposure	<=	8	h/d
Frequency of exposure	<=	220	d/a

Other relevant operational conditions

Use: Room temperature
Drying and through-curing takes place at ambient temperature or at higher temperatures.
Volatile organic substances will volatilise into the atmospheric air inside.
Read attached instructions before use.

Product substance and product safety related measures

Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. Provide for sufficient ventilation. This can be achieved by local exhaust or general exhaust air collection. Wear a suitable respirator if the ventilation is not sufficient to keep the solvent vapour concentration below the occupational limit values.

Respiratory protection

Avoid inhalation of vapour and spray mist. Use breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/aerosol.
Recommended Filter type: Respiratory protection mask with combination filter A/P2

Hand protection

Protective gloves complying with EN 374.
Glove material
Multilayer gloves made from

Appropriate Material	Fluorinated rubber / butyl-rubber	
Material thickness	>=	0,7
Breakthrough time	>=	30

This recommendation is valid only for the product named in this safety data sheet supplied by us, and only for the indicated intended use purposes.
For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.
The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.
The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.
Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.
The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/ chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Eye protection

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166

Body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Remove contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Workers (professional)

SU	SU22
PROC	PROC13

Assessment method	inhalation, long-term - local and systemic
Exposure assessment	55,08 mg/m³
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,2
Lead substance	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Workers (professional)

SU	SU22
PROC	PROC13
Assessment method	dermal, long-term - local and systemic
Exposure assessment	13,71 mg/kg/d
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,09
Lead substance	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Workers (professional)

SU	SU22
PROC	PROC10
Assessment method	inhalation, long-term - local and systemic
Exposure assessment	137,71 mg/m³
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,5
Lead substance	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Workers (professional)

SU	SU22
PROC	PROC10
Assessment method	dermal, long-term - local and systemic
Exposure assessment	27,43 mg/kg/d
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,18
Lead substance	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Workers (professional)

SU	SU22
PROC	PROC11
Assessment method	inhalation, long-term - local and systemic Indoor use
Exposure assessment	27,54 mg/m³
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,1
Lead substance	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Workers (professional)

SU	SU22
PROC	PROC11
Assessment method	dermal, long-term - local and systemic Indoor use
Exposure assessment	2,14 mg/kg/d
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,01
Lead substance	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Workers (professional)

SU	SU22
PROC	PROC11

Assessment method	inhalation, long-term - local and systemic
	Outdoor use
Exposure assessment	55,08 mg/m³
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,2
Lead substance	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Workers (professional)

SU	SU22
PROC	PROC11
Assessment method	dermal, long-term - local and systemic
	Outdoor use
Exposure assessment	107,14 mg/kg/d
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,7
Lead substance	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate
SU	SU21
Assessment method	dermal, long-term - systemic
	Indoor use
Exposure assessment	6 mg/kg/d
Exposure assessment (method)	ConsExpo v4.1
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,11
Lead substance	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate
SU	SU21
Assessment method	inhalation, long-term - systemic
	Indoor use
Exposure assessment	6,83 mg/m³
Exposure assessment (method)	ConsExpo v4.1
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,6
Lead substance	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Workers (professional)

SU	SU22
PROC	PROC11
Assessment method	inhalation, long-term - local and systemic
	Indoor use
Exposure assessment	242 mg/m³
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,504
Lead substance	isobutyl acetate

Workers (professional)

SU	SU22
PROC	PROC11
Assessment method	inhalation, long-term - local and systemic
	Outdoor use
Exposure assessment	242 mg/m³
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,504
Lead substance	isobutyl acetate

Workers (professional)

SU	SU22
PROC	PROC11
Assessment method	Long-term

	inhalative
Exposure assessment	242 mg/m³
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,504
Lead substance	n-butyl acetate

Workers (professional)

SU	SU22
PROC	PROC10
Assessment method	inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure assessment	200 mg/m³
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,6
Lead substance	acetone

Workers (professional)

SU	SU22
PROC	PROC10
Assessment method	dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure assessment	62 mg/kg/d
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,15
Lead substance	acetone

Workers (professional)

SU	SU22
PROC	PROC11
Assessment method	inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure assessment	200 mg/m³
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,4
Lead substance	acetone

Workers (professional)

SU	SU22
PROC	PROC11
Assessment method	dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure assessment	62 mg/kg/d
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,01
Lead substance	acetone

Workers (professional)

SU	SU22
PROC	PROC13
Assessment method	inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure assessment	200 mg/m³
Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,5
Lead substance	acetone

Workers (professional)

SU	SU22
PROC	PROC13
Assessment method	dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure assessment	62 mg/kg/d

Exposure assessment (method)	ECETOC TRA
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	0,07
Lead substance	acetone

Information on estimated exposure and downstream-user guidance

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